

Item ref	Species	Age	Vitality	BS Cat	BS Cat	Clr	Height	DBH	N	S	E	W	Notes	Mgt reco's
T1	Sycamore, <i>Acer psuedoplatanus</i> , <i>Aceraceae</i>	M	Norm	B		1	1	14	575	5	5	6	6	The tree is situated within a neighbouring property therefore unable to get access to the base of the tree. The tree bifurcates at 1.5m or below. There are weak or included unions in the tree structure. The DBH was measured at lower than breast height.
T2	Wild Cherry, <i>Prunus avium</i> , <i>Rosaceae</i>	EM	Norm	C		2	0.5	13	500	6	4	4	4.5	
T3	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C		1	0	8	250	5	4	3	3	
T4	Wild Cherry, <i>Prunus avium</i> , <i>Rosaceae</i>	EM	Norm	C		1	1	11	450	6	5	3	5	
T5	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	EM	Norm	C		1	1.5	9	290	2	4.5	5	4.5	
T6	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C		2	1	8	290	4	3	4	4	The tree bifurcates at 1.5m or below. There are weak or included unions in the tree structure.
T7	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C		3	1	6	150	2	1	2	0.5	The tree has an asymmetric unbalanced crown. The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees.

T8	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	0	6	240	4	3	4	3	The tree has an asymmetric unbalanced crown. There is evidence of damage caused by squirrels. The DBH was measured at lower than breast height.
T9	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	3	0	7	175	3	1.5	0	2.5	The tree has an asymmetric unbalanced crown. The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees.
T10	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	1	8	200	4	3	4	3	The tree has an asymmetric unbalanced crown. The tree has an old healed basal wound. There is minor dead wood present
T11	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	3	1	7	100	1	1.5	1	1	The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees.
T12	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	0.5	7	240	4	4.5	3.5	3	The tree bifurcates at 1.5m or below. There is evidence of some damage to the tree caused by squirrels
T13	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	3	4	7	100	2	2	1.5	1.5	The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees.
T14	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	2	1.5	7	150	4	1	1.5	2	The tree has an asymmetric unbalanced crown
T15	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	1	1.5	8	275	3	6	3	5	The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T16	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	3	1	4	100	1	3	0.5	1	The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees.

T17	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	1	7	240	4	5	3	2.5	There is evidence of some damage to the tree caused by squirrels. The tree bifurcates at 1.5m to 3m. The tree has a slightly bowed stem. The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting. There is minor dead wood present. The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T18	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	1	1.5	8	290	3	3	3	2	
T19	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	1	1.5	9	300	4	3	3	3	
T20	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	0	7	300	6	5	4	4.5	There is evidence of some damage to the tree caused by squirrels. The tree bifurcates at 1.5m or below. The DBH was measured at lower than breast height. The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees.
T21	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	3	0.5	7	100	1	3	2	2	
T22	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	0.5	9	225	3	4	2.5	3	The tree bifurcates at 1.5m to 3m. There are weak or included unions in the tree structure. The tree is a co-dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T23	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	1	0.5	8	375	3	4	4	3	The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting.

T24	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	0.5	9	300	3	2	2.5	3	The tree is a co-dominant tree within its woodland setting.. There is evidence of some damage to the tree caused by squirrels. There are weak or included unions in the tree structure. The DBH was measured at lower than breast height.
T25	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	1	1	8	275	4	2.5	3	3	The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting. The tree is a sub-dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T26	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	1	8	150	4	2.5	2.5	1	The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees. The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T27	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	3	1	5	100	2	1.5	1.5	1	The tree has a slightly bowed stem
T28	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	EM	Norm	C	1	1	9	325	3	5	6	5	The tree has an asymmetric unbalanced crown. The tree is a sub-dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T29	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	1	7	200	0	5	3	2.5	The tree has an asymmetric unbalanced crown. The tree is a sub-dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T30	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	0.5	8	200	1	4.5	2.5	3.5	The tree has a slightly bowed stem. The tree is a co-dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T31	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	1	8	300	9	2	2.5	3	

T32	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	M	Norm	C	1	1	9	350	6	4.5	5	4	Dominant tree with The tree is a co-dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T33	Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	1	1.5	9	325	3	3	2	2	The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting.
T34	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	1	1.5	9	240	3	4	2	2.5	The tree is a dominant tree within its woodland setting. The tree is a sub-dominant tree within its woodland
T35	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	1	6	175	1	4	2.5	2	setting. The tree is suppressed by neighbouring trees. There is evidence of some damage to the tree caused by
T36	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Low	C	3	0.5	6	125	1	1.5	1	1	squirrels The tree is a sub-dominant tree within its woodland
T37	English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	3	1	8	150	2	1.5	1	2	setting.
T38	Leyland Cypress, <i>Cupressocyparis leylandii</i> ' Castlewellan Gold', <i>Cupressaceae</i>	EM	Norm	C	2	0	11	625	3	3.5	2.5	3.5	The tree bifurcates at 1.5m or below. The DBH was measured at lower than
T39	Leyland Cypress, <i>Cupressocyparis leylandii</i> ' Castlewellan Gold', <i>Cupressaceae</i>	EM	Norm	C	2	1	12	700	3	2	3	4	breast height. This tree has suffered a catertophic stem split resulting a major split tear
T40	Leyland Cypress, x <i>Cupressocyparis leylandii</i> , <i>Cupressaceae</i>	M	Norm	R		0	12	900	3	3.5	2	3	of the main trunk Fell Tree

T41	Sycamore, <i>Acer psuedoplatanus</i> , <i>Aceraceae</i>	M	Norm	B	1	3	12	400	5	5	5	4	It was observed that there was some suckering at the base of the tree. There are telecoms wires in the crown. There are weak or included unions in the tree structure. The tree bifurcates at 1.5m
T42	Small Leaved Lime, <i>Tilia cordata</i> , <i>Tilaceae</i>	EM	Norm	B	1	1.5	11	400	4	4	4.5	4.5	to 3m
T43	Small Leaved Lime, <i>Tilia cordata</i> , <i>Tilaceae</i>	EM	Norm	B	1	2	9	300	4	4	4	4	
T44	Small Leaved Lime, <i>Tilia cordata</i> , <i>Tilaceae</i>	EM	Norm	B	1	2	10	300	5	5	5	5	There are weak or included unions in the tree structure.
T45	Small Leaved Lime, <i>Tilia cordata</i> , <i>Tilaceae</i>	EM	Norm	B	1	2	9	300	4	4	4	4	There are weak or included unions in the tree structure.
T46	Small Leaved Lime, <i>Tilia cordata</i> , <i>Tilaceae</i>	EM	Norm	B	1	2	9	300	4	4	4	4	There are weak or included unions in the tree structure.
T47	Small Leaved Lime, <i>Tilia cordata</i> , <i>Tilaceae</i>	EM	Norm	B	1	0	8	300	5	4.5	4.5	4.5	
G1	Wild Cherry, <i>Prunus avium</i> , <i>Rosaceae</i> ; Common Ash, <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> , <i>Oleaceae</i> ; English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i>	Y	Norm	C	2	0	8	200	0	0	0	0	This is a group of 8 young planted trees. The maximum DBH is 200mm
G2	Common Beech, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i> ; English Oak, <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Fagaceae</i> ; Hawthorn, <i>Crataegus monogyna</i> , <i>Rosaceae</i> ; Scots Pine, <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Pinaceae</i> . This an area of young woodland	Y	Norm	B	2	0	8	200	0	0	0	0	The tree was multistemmed and the maximum DBH is 200mm.

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