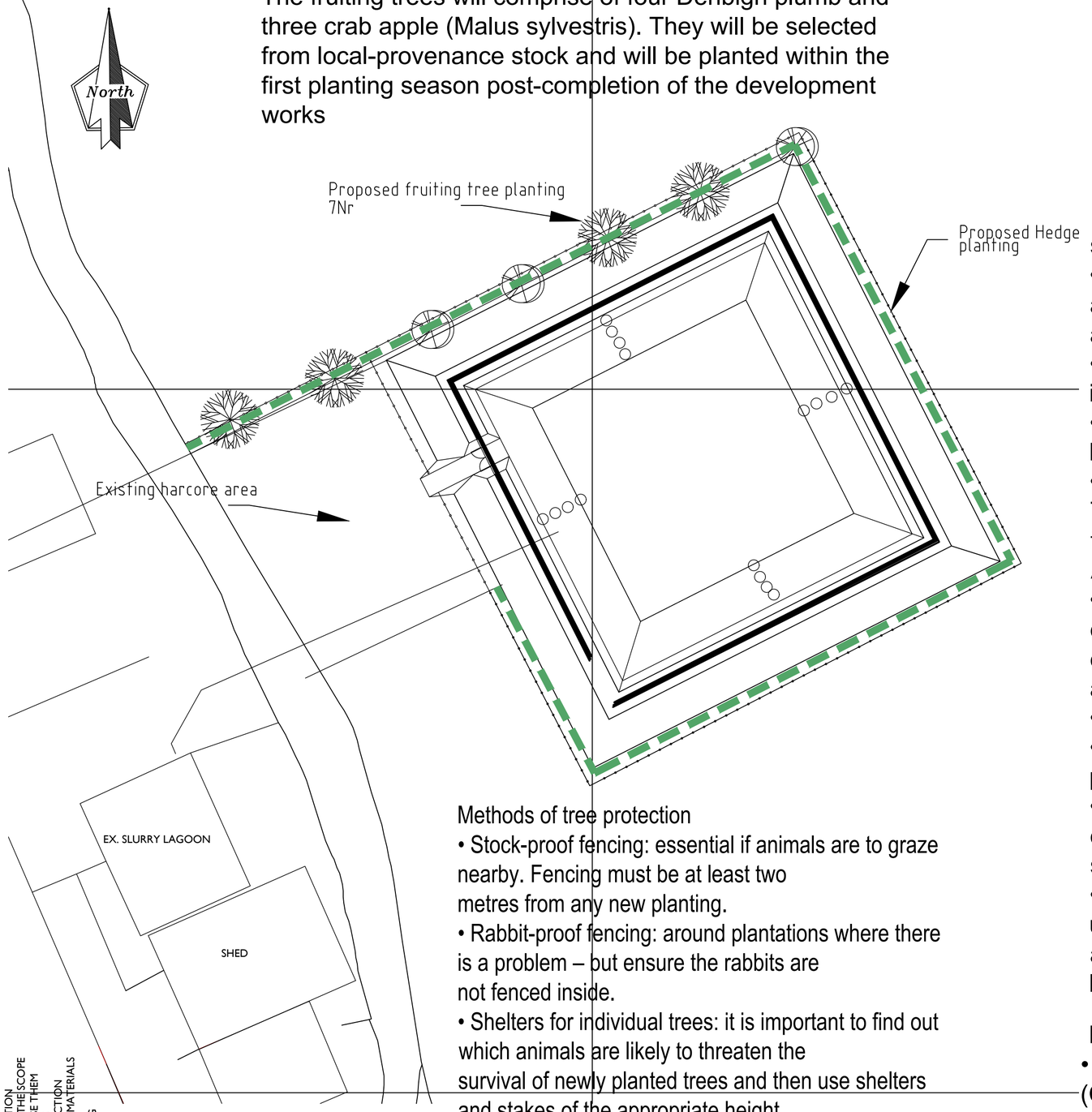
The fruiting trees will comprise of four Denbigh plumb and three crab apple (Malus sylvestris). They will be selected from local-provenance stock and will be planted within the first planting season post-completion of the development works



Methods of tree protection
• Stock-proof fencing: essential if animals are to graze nearby. Fencing must be at least two metres from any new planting.
• Rabbit-proof fencing: around plantations where there is a problem – but ensure the rabbits are not fenced inside.
• Shelters for individual trees: it is important to find out which animals are likely to threaten the survival of newly planted trees and then use shelters and stakes of the appropriate height.

See The Tree Council: Tree Planting Guide

Metreage of hedging is approximately 265 m

Tree and hedge planting to take place November 2025 or 2026
Check out - treecouncil.org.uk

The enclosed tree planting area will be planted with native species of wildflower areas for pollinators, leaving areas of unmown grass; and improving connectivity between valuable habitats. 'Emorsgate Seeds', 'Boston Seeds' or similar for prescribed wildflower mixes suitable for the location

Choose 60cm+ bare-rooted transplants or pot grown for some species such as Holly Preparation
• The best time for planting is late autumn, after mid-November, although anytime between October and March is acceptable, provided the ground is not frozen or flooded.
• Create a 1m wide, weed free strip either by ploughing, digging or in limited cases, treating with a systemic herbicide.
• Ensure the bare roots of the plants do not dry out before planting.
Planting
• Plants should be supplied in accordance with the Horticultural Trade Association's National Plant specification and be sourced from a nursery that is a Member of the Horticultural Trades Association Nursery Certification Scheme.
• Plant in trenches large enough to take full spread of roots (20cm depth x 40cm width). Back fill with a previously prepared mixture of topsoil excavated from the pit, together with suitable compost and additional topsoil as required.
• Plant in a double staggered row approximately 30cm apart
• Set out plants evenly using the planbelow as a guide, 6 plants per m.
• The base of the hedge should be mulched with a 50-75mm layer of composted bark to stop weed growth and retain moisture in the soil.
• Where necessary, protect plants from damage and grazing by using protective tubes or spiral guards. Such scheme as may be approved shall be fully implemented and maintained for the lifetime of the development

Hedge made up of a minimum of 5 native species.
• Blackthorn (Prunus spinose) combined with Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna) should make up 80% of species, these can be integrated with any three from:
• 5-15% Hazel (Corylus avellana) and/or Field Maple (Acercampestre); and
• 0-5% of Holly (Ilex aquifolium), Field Rose (Rosa arvensis), Gooseberry (Ribes uva-crispa), Bird Cherry Prunus padus) and Dog Rose (Rosa canina).

DRAWINGS ARE PREPARED FOR THE PURPOSE OF OBTAINING PLANNING AND BUILDING REGULATION APPROVAL ONLY AND DO NOT FULLY SHOWN THE SCOPE OF WORKS. CONTRACTORS SHOULD FAMILIARISE THEMSELVES WITH THE FULL EXTENT OF THE WORKS FOR THE PURPOSE OF COSTING AND CONSTRUCTION AND MAKE ALLOWANCE FOR ALL WORKS AND MATERIALS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT
IF IN DOUBT ASK, DO NOT SCALE OFF DRAWING

DWG. TITLE: Mitigation plan Planting
Hedge planting details
DWG No: 24 - 08
REV: -
SCALE: 1 / 500 @ A2
DATE: 08/25

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PROJECT
PROPOSED SLURRY LAGOON
HALGHTON VILLA, HORSEMANS GREEN
WHITCHURCH SY13 3DY
FOR P HUXLEY