Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru
Natural Resources Wales

Ein cyf/Our ref: CAS-288516-J8L2
Eich cyf/Your ref: P/2025/0430

Wrexham County Borough Council
The Guildhall
Wrexham
LL11 1AY

Dyddiad/Date: 05 March 2026

Annwyl Syr/Madam/Dear Sir/Madam,

BWRIAD/PROPOSAL: Uned gyflogaeth arfaethedig a mynediad newydd i gerbydau, parcio ar gyfer ceir a cherbydau nwyddau trwm, ardal wasanaethu a storio, tirlunio a gwaith datblygu ategol/Proposed employment unit and new vehicular access, car and HGV parking, servicing and storage area, landscaping and ancillary development

LLEOLIAD/LOCATION: Land At, Oak Road, Wrexham Industrial Estate, Wrexham, LI13 9RG

Thank you for consulting Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru (CNC)/Natural Resources Wales (NRW) about the additional information for the above.

We have concerns with the application as submitted. However, we are satisfied these concerns can be overcome if conditions regarding protected species and contaminated land are attached to any planning permission granted and the document identified below are included in the approved plans and documents condition on the decision notice. Without the inclusion of these conditions and document we would object to this planning application.

Approved documents:

- Bat Aerial Tree Assessment and Presence/Absence Surveys, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, Reference UES03918/38 Version 2, dated 03/04/2025, by United Environmental Services Ltd
- Amphibian Conservation Plan, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/50 dated 13/02/2026, by United Environmental Services Ltd
- Landscape & Ecological Management Plan, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/32 dated 14/02/2026, by United Environmental Services Ltd
- Construction Environmental Management Plan: Biodiversity & Ecological Design Strategy, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/55 dated 17/12/2025, by United Environmental Services Ltd
- Construction Environmental Management Plan (FI REM, dated 13/02/2026)

- Bat Conservation Plan, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, UES03918/52, dated 13/02/2026, by United Environmental Services Ltd

Protected Sites

River Dee and Bala Lake Special Area of Conservation (SAC)

- Foul Drainage

As advised in our previous letter (dated 19/02/2026), it is ultimately for your Authority to be satisfied whether a proposal will result in an adverse effect on the integrity of the River Dee and Bala Lake SAC. To assist you with your assessment of the proposal, we advised as follows: *'(i) clarity is needed on…the final nutrient budget calculation and (ii) you may need further evidence to satisfy the guidance requirements of Section 2.4.2 of Welsh Government's Nutrient Budget Calculator Guidance, regarding the efficacy of the mitigation proposed and how this will be maintained for the lifetime of the development*'.

We have reviewed the information contained within the letter from Arthian, dated 27/02/2026, ref: 319585, which we understand has been submitted in response to our advice. In summary, Section 1 of the letter confirms the Stage 3 nutrient loading from new landcover is 2.902 kg TP/yr (replacing the previously reported 4.9 kg TP/yr), and that as a result there would be a net betterment in nutrient discharges from the site post development. Sections 2-5 of the letter consider the requirements of Section 2.4.2 of Welsh Government's Nutrient Budget Calculator Guidance. Specifically with regards to management and maintenance, we note that Section 5 confirms that the SuDS scheme will be '*Maintained for the lifetime of the development through an agreed management and maintenance arrangement secured via planning condition and SAB approval'.*

We therefore advise you to consider the information contained within the letter from Arthian – if it enables your Authority to reasonably conclude that the proposal will not result in adverse effect on the integrity of the River Dee and Bala Lake SAC, we raise no concerns with regards protected sites.

- Pollution and Biosecurity

The application site is adjacent to the Redwither Brook which discharges into the Afon Clywedog. The Afon Clywedog then discharges to the River Dee approximately 2.6km away. We have concerns that the construction phase could impact on the adjacent watercourses through soil stripping, bank modifications and other construction activities which ultimately could impact on the River Dee and Bala Lake SAC.

We note the submission of the Construction Environmental Management Plan (FI REM, dated 13/02/2026) and advise that the plan is included in the approved list of plans/documents condition within the decision notice to secure appropriate mitigation measures. Provided those measures are implemented, we do not consider that this source of potential impact from the proposed development will adversely affect the integrity of the SAC.

Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

NRW consider the proposals have the potential to impact upon the Afon Dyfrdwy/River Dee SSSI. Providing the impact pathways referenced above for the SAC are adequately addressed, NRW consider the features of the SSSI will also be adequately safeguarded.

Protected Species

Great Crested Newt

We have reviewed the following additional information which has been submitted in support of the application:

- Amphibian Conservation Plan, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/50 dated 13/02/2026, by United Environmental Services Ltd
- Landscape & Ecological Management Plan, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/32 dated 14/02/2026, by United Environmental Services Ltd
- Construction Environmental Management Plan: Biodiversity & Ecological Design Strategy, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/55 dated 17/12/2025, by United Environmental Services Ltd

The submitted information has identified that great crested newts (GCN) are material to the application site.

The proposal has the potential to kill, injure, disturb GCN, or damage or destroy their breeding sites and resting places. GCN and their breeding sites and resting places are protected under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) and Schedule 5 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Where GCN are present and a development proposal is likely to contravene the legal protection, they are afforded, the development may only proceed under licence issued by Natural Resources Wales, having satisfied the three requirements set out in the legislation. A licence may only be authorised if:

i. The development works to be authorised are for the purpose of preserving public health or safety, or for other imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment;
ii. There is no satisfactory alternative; and,
iii. The action authorised will not be detrimental to the maintenance of the population of the species concerned at a favourable conservation status in its natural range.

To avoid developments with planning permission subsequently not being granted a licence, the Local Planning Authority should take Planning Policy Wales and Technical Advice Note 5 into account when considering development proposals where a European Protected Species is present.

Please note, for the purposes of providing advice at the planning application stage, our comments are limited to compliance with the third test “demonstration of no detriment to the maintenance of the favourable conservation status of European protected species.” We advise that before any consent is given, as informed by the provisions of Regulation 9 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) the Local Planning Authority (LPA) satisfy itself as to whether the scheme satisfies the other two tests, namely a relevant Habitats Regulations purpose and whether there is no satisfactory alternative to the proposal.

Whilst we consider that the above reports provide an adequate basis upon which to consider the potential impacts of the scheme on GCN, the following aspects of the proposed scheme require further information to be provided.

- Amphibian Conservation Plan

We note the submission of an Amphibian Conservation Plan and confirm that the Amphibian Conservation Plan is satisfactory provided:

a. As agreed, five new ponds are to be created.
b. Monitoring is carried out annually in accordance with Section 5.1 of the submitted plan
c. External ecological compliance audits are undertaken.

We therefore advise that the plan is included in the approved list of plans/documents condition within the decision notice to secure appropriate mitigation measures and provided the plan is implemented in accordance with the above.

We note that proposals are to be subject to a review in year 25.

We also advise that any subsequent consent is subject to the imposition of a planning obligation in respect of the post 25-year period that incorporates the following provisions:

a. Review of surveillance,
b. Review of management,
c. Review of tenure (ownership/occupancy),
d. Revocation of any future development rights.

- Landscape & Ecological Management Plan (LEMP)

We note the submission of a LEMP to confirm that the proposals identified are satisfactory provided GCN monitoring is carried out on an annual basis.

We therefore advise that the plan is included in the approved list of plans/documents condition within the decision notice to secure appropriate mitigation measures and provided the plan is implemented in accordance with the above.

We also advise that any subsequent consent is subject to the imposition of a planning obligation that includes:

- The establishment of the co-operative specified in the ecology plans as a legal entity
- In the event of the co-operative no longer functioning the ownership/occupancy of the ecology/heritage land shall be transferred to a body that accords with the definition of a responsible body under part 7 of the Environment Act 2021
- Revocation of development rights for a defined ecology/heritage area
- Requirement for a review of tenure, funding arrangements, management, monitoring any wardening requirements to the satisfaction of the LPA before the 25th anniversary of any approved consent. Implementation shall be strictly within 12 months of the approved completion of the review.

- Construction Environmental Management Plan: Biodiversity & Ecological Design Strategy

We note the Construction Environmental Management Plan: Biodiversity & Ecological Design Strategy along with the submitted Construction Environmental Management Plan (FI REM, dated 13/02/2026) and advise that the plans are included in the approved list of

plans/documents condition within the decision notice to secure appropriate mitigation measures.

Bats

We have reviewed the following additional information which has been submitted in support of the application:

- Bat Conservation Plan, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, UES03918/52, dated 13/02/2026, by United Environmental Services Ltd

We note that the previously submitted Bat Presence/Absence Survey report (UES03918/36 Version 2, dated 06/12/2024, by United Environmental Services Ltd) has identified that the application site supports roost sites for *Soprano pipistrelle*, common *pipistrelle*, *myotis* bat species and an unidentified bat species.

Furthermore, the Bat Activity Survey report (UES03918/21, dated 04/12/2024, by United Environmental Services Ltd) has identified that the following species of bats were recorded commuting and foraging across the application site:

- *Soprano pipistrelle*
- Common *pipistrelle*
- *Myotis* species
- Brown long-eared bat
- *Noctule*
- Lesser horseshoe
- Leisler's

Bats and their breeding and resting places are protected under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended). Where bats are present and a development proposal is likely to contravene the legal protection they are afforded, the development may only proceed under licence issued by Natural Resources Wales, having satisfied the three tests set out in the Regulations (please also refer to Paragraph 6.3.7 of Technical Advice Note 5: Nature Conservation and Planning). Please note, for the purposes of providing advice at the planning application stage, our comments are limited to the test relating to "demonstration of no detriment to the maintenance of the favourable conservation status of European protected species."

We consider that the reports listed above provide an adequate basis upon which to consider the potential impacts of the scheme on bat species and inform the decision-making process.

- Bat Conservation Plan

We note the submission of a Bat Conservation Plan and confirm that it is satisfactory.

We therefore advise that the plan is included in the approved list of plans/documents condition within the decision notice to secure appropriate mitigation measures.

We note that proposals are to be subject to a reviewed in year 25.

We also advise that any subsequent consent is subject to the imposition of a planning obligation in respect of the post 25-year period that incorporates the following provisions:

a. Review of surveillance,
b. Review of management,
c. Review of tenure (ownership/occupancy),

d. Revocation of any future development rights.

In respect of “d” and without prejudice, we have no objection to the applicants previously suggested small parcel of land located on the boundary of Oak Road being excluded from this provision

In addition to the points outlined above relating to the Bat Conservation Plan, we would be content for the further information regarding the lighting to be provided via suitably worded conditions.

We therefore advise the following condition in respect of bats is included on any permission granted.

Condition 1: Prior to installation a Lighting Plan shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. This Lighting Plan shall consider existing and proposed lighting together with any spillage originating from internal light sources including:

- An assessment of lighting in respect of wildlife interests of the site, notably bats.
- Details of the siting and type of external lighting and internal light spillage during and post development. This shall include plans illustrating the location and type of lighting together with isolux drawings.
- Details to demonstrate that light spillage will not affect wildlife sensitive areas. This shall include plans illustrating projected or retained bat emergence points; together with retained or proposed features planned to be functionally used by bats for foraging/dispersal purposes.
- Measures to monitor light spillage once development is operational (post construction light monitoring).
- Provisions of the scheme shall accord with the provisions of the Institution of Lighting Professionals and Bat Conservation Trust: Guidance Note 08/23: Bats and Artificial Lighting at Night.

The Lighting Plan shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Justification: To ensure that bats are protected by the development.

Section 5 of the Bat Aerial Tree Assessment and Presence/Absence Surveys report states that “*Soft felling techniques or a pre-commencement inspection*” should be carried out for any trees being felled that have a low or moderate potential for roosting bats. We concur with the assessment that a pre-commencement survey would be required regarding relevant tree felling and advise that the report is included in the approved list of plans/documents condition within the decision notice.

European Protected Species Licensing:

All roosts identified in the Bat Presence/Absence Survey report are considered to be day roosts used by individual or low numbers of bats that are likely to be males or non-breeding females. Due to the presence of roosting bats, please advise the applicant that any works that will impact buildings 3, 8, 9, 13, 16 or 20 will need to be completed under a European Protected Species (EPS) mitigation licence, issued by Natural Resources Wales. This licence can only be applied for once planning permission has been granted but would need to be secured prior to the commencement of any licensable works to these buildings that could impact roosting bats.

Ecological Compliance Plan

We note the submission of the Ecological Compliance Plan (Ecological Compliance Plan at The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/54 dated 17/12/2025, by United Environmental Services Ltd) and welcome the report objectives covering both construction and operational phases of the scheme, and we consider the proposed prescriptions (Section 2.1) to be satisfactory.

Otters

Section 4.1.2 of the submitted Water Vole and Otter Survey (reference UES03918/56 dated 02/09/2025, United Environmental Services Ltd) states that "watercourses on site are broadly suitable for otter although most likely for foraging commuting on a low frequency basis, not considered to use the habitat on site or immediately adjacent for long-term resting or breeding".

We note the submissions of Landscape & Ecological Management Plan, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/32 dated 14/02/2026, by United Environmental Services Ltd and Construction Environmental Management Plan: Biodiversity & Ecological Design Strategy, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, reference UES03918/55 dated 17/12/2025, by United Environmental Services Ltd. We accept the provisions concerning otter.

Water Voles

We note that section 4.1.1 of the submitted Water Vole and Otter Survey (reference UES03918/56 dated 02/09/2025, United Environmental Services Ltd) states that habitats offer "extremely limited potential for supporting water vole" and that "it is considered that water voles are not present on site, or within the immediate vicinity of the site". No mitigation or compensation measures are therefore proposed in respect of water vole; we have no objection to this approach based on the findings of the survey.

Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 - Schedule 1 breeding birds

We note that the ecological report (Breeding Bird Survey, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, Reference UES03918/23 dated 24/05/2024, by United Environmental Services Ltd) identified evidence of Cetti's warbler (*Cettia cetti*) and kingfisher (*Alcedo atthis*) within the application site. Cetti's warbler and kingfisher are listed on Schedule 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended); the birds, their nests, eggs and young are fully protected at all times throughout the UK. It is also an offence to intentionally or recklessly disturb Cetti's warbler and kingfishers at an active nest site with eggs or young or before eggs are laid, or to disturb the dependent young.

We note that the development details and extents were not known at the time of carrying out the surveys and preparing the report. As per our statutory pre-application response, we therefore advise that further information regarding compensation and mitigation to build upon the principles outlined in the Breeding Bird Survey report, should be submitted regarding these Schedule 1 species. We would be content for this further information to be provided via a suitably worded condition applied to any planning permission granted for this proposal.

We also refer you to Regulation 10 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) and duties in relation to wild bird habitat.

Other ecology features

Wrexham Industrial Estate is considered to support a nationally important butterfly interest (including dingy and grizzled skipper). Dingy and grizzled skippers have previously been recorded on site (Wrexham Industrial Estate, Towards a Living Landscape, North Wales Wildlife Trust). We note that a dingy skipper survey has been carried out (Dingy Skipper Survey, The Oaks, Wrexham Industrial Estate, Reference UES03918/26, dated 29/11/2024, by United Environmental Services Ltd) and we would therefore advise discussion with your Authority's ecologist regarding potential impacts on dingy and grizzled skippers (which are species listed on Section 7 of the Environment (Wales) Act 2016).

Contaminated Land

We have reviewed the following reports submitted in support of the application:

- Phase 1 Assessment – Proposed Industrial Unit Oak Road, Wrexham Industrial Estate. SP Associates, Report Number: S1916, March 2024.
- Geoenvironmental Assessment – Industrial Unit Oak Road, Wrexham Industrial Estate. SP Associates, Report Number: S1916-2, September 2025.

The application site is located on a Principal aquifer and within a source protection zone for a close by potable water supply, the Redwither Brook is also along the site boundary and should be considered in hydraulic connectivity with the groundwater. As advised in our previous response dated 11/09/2025 (reference CAS-286917-B0C2) we consider the site to be vulnerable to pollution, and any new development needs to consider the risk to controlled waters.

The site investigation detailed in the Geoenvironmental Assessment is limited to the northern area of the application boundary. We note that this area is the main focus of development with the building, car parking and swales/attenuation basin will be located. However, only part of this area was investigated with no intrusive investigations taking place in the southern half of the building or proposed attenuation basin. We therefore recommend that further information is submitted to include additional site investigations carried out across the area where the building, car-parking and swales/attenuation basin are proposed in order to provide a comprehensive overview of the ground characteristics in this area. We also recommend that soil and groundwater sampling considers the previous land used and the type of contamination used on site, e.g. explosives and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) – these should be included in any further sampling suites.

We would be content for this further information to be provided via a suitably worded condition applied to any planning permission granted for this proposal.

Condition 2: No development shall commence until the following components of a scheme to deal with the risks associated with contamination at the site, has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

1. A site investigation scheme, based on the submitted Phase 1 Assessment to provide information for a detailed assessment of the risk to all receptors that may be affected, including those off site.
2. The results of the site investigation and the detailed risk assessment referred to in (1) and, based on these, an options appraisal and remediation strategy giving full details of the remediation measures required and how they are to be undertaken.
3. A verification plan providing details of the data that will be collected in order to demonstrate that the works set out in the remediation strategy in (2) are complete

and identifying any requirements for longer-term monitoring of pollutant linkages, maintenance and arrangements for contingency action.

The remediation strategy and its relevant components shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Justification: To ensure the risks associated with contamination at the site have been fully considered prior to commencement of development as controlled waters are of high environmental sensitivity; and where necessary remediation measures and long-term monitoring are implemented to prevent unacceptable risks from contamination.

Condition 3: Prior to the operation of the development a verification report demonstrating completion of works set out in the approved remediation strategy and the effectiveness of the remediation shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The report shall include results of sampling and monitoring carried out in accordance with the approved verification plan to demonstrate that the site remediation criteria have been met. It shall also include a long-term monitoring and maintenance plan for longer-term monitoring of pollutant linkages, maintenance and arrangements for contingency action, as identified in the verification plan.

The long-term monitoring and maintenance plan shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Justification: To ensure the methods identified in the verification plan have been implemented and completed and the risk associated with the contamination at the site has been remediated prior to occupation or operation, to minimise risk to both future users of the land and neighbouring land, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors.

Condition 4: Prior to the occupation or operation of the development, a long-term monitoring plan for land contamination shall be submitted and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The long-term monitoring plan should include:

- Details of the methods and triggers for action to be undertaken
- Timescales for the long-term monitoring and curtailment mechanisms e.g. a scheme of monitoring for 3 years unless the monitoring reports indicate that subsequent monitoring is or is not required (for x years)
- Timescales for submission of monitoring reports to the LPA e.g. annually
- Details of any necessary contingency and remedial actions and timescales for actions
- Details confirming that the contingency and remedial actions have been carried out.

The monitoring plan shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details, within the agreed timescales.

Justification: A long-term monitoring plan should be submitted prior to occupation or operation, to ensure necessary monitoring measures are approved to manage any potential adverse impacts as a result of development on controlled waters.

Condition 5: If, during development, contamination not previously identified is found to be present at the site then no further development (unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority) shall be carried out until a remediation strategy detailing how this unsuspected contamination shall be dealt with has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The remediation strategy shall be carried out as approved.

Justification: To ensure the risks associated with previously unsuspected contamination at the site are dealt with through a remediation strategy, to minimise the risk to both future users of the land and neighbouring land, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks.

The conditions listed above have been recommended as we are satisfied that there are generic remedial options available to deal with the risks to controlled waters posed by contamination at this site.

We also recommend that the applicant refers to the following guidance regarding any site investigations:

1. The risk management framework provided in Land contamination risk management (LCRM)
2. 'Development of land affected by contamination: A guide for developers' (WLGA, 2023) for the type of information required in order to assess risks to controlled waters from the site. The Local Authority can advise on risk to other receptors, such as human health.
3. Groundwater protection advice on www.gov.uk

Environmental Permits:

In addition to the planning conditions, please advise the applicant that Environmental Permits from NRW may be required (during construction and operation) and we recommend early consultation with the relevant permitting teams to ensure all permits are in place prior to the commencement of development.

The treatment and disposal of contaminated soils and groundwater is regulated by waste legislation and requires an environmental permit.

Excavated materials that are recovered via a treatment operation can be re-used on-site under the *CL:AIRE Definition of Waste: Development Industry Code of Practice*. This voluntary Code of Practice provides a framework for determining whether or not excavated material arising from site during remediation and/or land development works are waste.

Developers should ensure that all contaminated materials are adequately characterised both chemically and physically, and that the permitting status of any proposed-on site operations are clear. If in doubt, Natural Resources Wales should be contacted for advice at an early stage.

Flood Risk

The planning application proposes less vulnerable development (industrial employment unit and 'Green Eco-Heritage Zone'). The Flood Map for Planning identifies the application site to be at risk of flooding and partially within Flood Zones 2 and 3 (Rivers).

We refer you to Section 10 of Technical Advice Note 15: Development, flooding and coastal erosion, dated 2025 (TAN15) for advice on how you should consider this application in line with current planning policy. Our role is to provide you with detailed advice on the findings and conclusions of the Flood Consequences Assessment (FCA) in relation to flooding from rivers and/or the sea, including the impact on flooding elsewhere. For advice on flood risk from surface water and or small watercourses you should consult the Lead Local Flood Authority.

Therefore, we have reviewed the FCA undertaken by Barnsley Marshall Ltd, dated 20/05/2025, reference TOS-BML-XX-XX-RP-C-0500. Our advice to you is that the FCA satisfactorily demonstrates that the risks and consequences of flooding are manageable to an acceptable level. Therefore, we have no objection to the application on flood risk grounds as submitted.

Flood Risk Activity Permit

We note that the development proposes a surface water discharge into the adjacent Redwither Brook and unspecified works to the banks of the Redwither Brook and the Afon Clywedog to improve interaction with the wider Green Eco-Heritage Zone (Section 10.10 of the Planning Statement).

Both the Redwither Brook and Afon Clywedog are designated “main rivers”. The Environmental Permitting Regulations (2016) require that the applicant obtains a bespoke Flood Risk Activity Permit for any works or structures located in, under, over or within 8 metres of the bank top of the Redwither Brook or Afon Clywedog “main rivers”. Further advice and guidance is available on our website at:

http://www.naturalresources.wales/permits-and-permissions/flood-risk-activities/flood-risk-activity-permits-information/?lang=en

There must be no work in the main river channels of the Redwither Brook and Afon Clywedog and their associated floodplains unless agreed with the Local Planning Authority and approved by NRW under the Environmental Permitting Regulations.

Other Matters

The advice in this letter relates to matters which are included on our consultation topics list. We do not rule out the potential for the proposed development to affect other environmental interests that are not included on this list.

We advise the applicant that, in addition to planning permission, it is their responsibility to ensure they secure all other permits/consents/licences relevant to their development. Please refer to our website for further details.

If you have any queries on the above, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yn gywir/Yours faithfully,

Siôn M. Williams

Cynghorydd - Cynllunio Datblygu/Advisor - Development Planning
Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru/Natural Resources Wales

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Croesewir gohebiaeth yn Gymraeg a byddwn yn ymateb yn Gymraeg, heb i hynny arwain at oedi./Correspondence in Welsh is welcomed, and we will respond in Welsh without it leading to a delay.